

RETREAT AT AmHERST
Intermittent Stream Crossing Evaluation

Crossing #1 (E) width is 10' +/-
 $\frac{14' \times 4' \text{ open bottom}}{14'}$

STD#1 Open Bottom Box Spans
Stream -

STD#2 N/A - No Embedment Reg'd. ✓

STD#3 Crossing Span

$$1.2 \times 10' = 12' \text{ use } 14'$$

STD#4 Substrate will match Existing ✓

STD#5 Matches water depth &
Velocity of natural stream ✓

STD#6 Openness

$$\frac{4 \times 14'}{50} = 1.12' > 0.82'$$

STD#7 MATCH BANK ON
BOTH SIDES OF CROSSING ✓

(2)

Crossing #2 (E) 5' wide

8'x6' open bottom Box.

STD#1 open Bottom ✓

STD#2 N/A ✓

STD#3 SPAN
 $1.2 \times 5 = 6.0$ ✓
 use 8'

STD#4 match Substrate ✓

STD#5 matches water
 Depth & Velocity ✓

STD#6 openness ratio

$$\frac{8' \times 6'}{50} = 0.96 > 0.82 \checkmark$$

STD#7 Banks
 Match Banks on ✓
 Both sides of the
 crossing

Crossing #3 (E) 1.2' wide

24" culvert proposed

STD #1 open-bottom

not met

STD #2 Embedded

Embed 25% or
6-inches into existing
stream bed

✓

STD #3

$$1.2 \times 1.2 = 1.44' < 2'$$

✓

STD #4

Substrate

Culvert to be embedded
into existing stream
bottom - substrate will
fill in bottom of culvert

✓

STD #5

Once culvert bottom
fills in the velocity
and depth will match
natural

✓

STD #6

Openness Ratio

$$24'' = 3.142 / 50 = 0.062082' \quad \text{Not}$$

Stream very small would need met
a 96" pipe to meet standard
Not practical

✓

STD #7

Banks -
to be matched

✓

(4)

Crossing #4 (E) 3' wide

48" Culvert

STD#1 open bottom

X
not met

STD#2 Embed Culvert

25% or 12 inches

into existing streambed

✓

STD#3 Span

$1.2 \times 3 = 3.6'$ use 4'

✓

STD#4 Substrate

Culvert to be embedded
12" into existing channel.
Substrate will fill in
Culvert Bottom

✓

STD#5

Once Culvert bottom

✓

fills in the velocity
and depth will
match natural

bottom

STD#6

Openness Ratio

$$48" = \frac{12.567'}{50'} = 0.25' < 0.82' \quad \text{Not met.}$$

Small stream would need a
48-inch Culvert to meet standard

Not practical.

STD#7

Banks to be matched.

(5)

CROSSING #5 (E) 8' channel.

12'x4' open bottom Box Culvert.

STD#1 Open Bottom Culvert ✓

STD#2 Embed N/A ✓

STD#3 SPAN

$$1.2 \times 8 = 9.6' \text{ use } 12' \quad \checkmark$$

STD#4 SUBSTRATE

Open bottom Culvert -
Substrate to match
existing

STD#5 Open Bottom Culvert
velocity and depth
to match Natural ✓

STD#6 Openness Ratio

12'x4'

$$\frac{48'}{90'} = 0.96' > 0.82' \quad \checkmark$$

STD#7 Banks to match ✓

Crossing #6 (e) 2' wide

36" culvert

STD#1 open bottom culvert

X not met.

STD#2 embed culvert

✓

25% or 9 inches
into existing streambed

STD#3 SPAN

✓

$$1.2 \times 2 = 2.4' \text{ use } 3'$$

STD#4 SUBSTRATE

culvert to be embedded.

✓

9" into existing stream
channel. Substrate will
fill in culvert bottom

STD#5 One culvert bottom

✓

fills in the velocity
and depth will match
natural bottom

STD#6 Openness Ratio

X not met

$$\frac{7.07'}{50'} = 0.14' < 0.82'$$

Small stream would need
96-inch pipe to meet std.
Not practical

✓

STD#7 Banks will match
existing

6. Banks should be present on each side of the stream matching the horizontal profile of the existing stream and banks with sufficient headroom to provide dry passage for semi-aquatic and terrestrial wildlife

To prevent failure, all constructed banks should have a height-to-width ratio no greater than 1.5:1 (horizontal:vertical) unless the stream is naturally incised. Banks within the structure should generally align with the profile and cross section of banks upstream and downstream of the structure and should be stable during a 100-year storm event. The banks should be designed and constructed so as not to hinder wildlife use of the streambed and banks for passage.

Standards Summary

	General Standards	Optimal Standard
1 Structure Type	Open-bottom span preferred	Bridge
2 Embedment	If a culvert, then it should be embedded: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A minimum of 2 feet for all culverts, • A minimum of 2 feet and at least 25 percent for round pipe culverts • When embedment material includes elements > 15 inches in diameter, embedment depths should be at least twice the D₈₄ of the embedment material 	NA
3 Crossing Span	Minimum: 1.2 x bankfull width	Minimum: 1.2 x bankfull width
4 Substrate	Matches stream substrate	Matches stream substrate
5 Water Depth & Velocity	Matches water depth & velocity in natural stream over a range of flows	Matches water depth & velocity in natural stream over a range of flows
6 Openness (& height)	Openness: 0.82 ft. (0.25 m)	Conditions that inhibit wildlife passage over road <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Openness: 2.46 ft. (0.75 m) Height: 8 ft. (2.4 m) Otherwise <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Openness: 1.64 ft. (0.5 m) Height: 6 ft. (1.8 m)
7 Banks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • On both sides of the stream • Match the horizontal profile of the existing stream and banks • Constructed so as not to hinder use by riverine wildlife 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • On both sides of the stream • Match the horizontal profile of the existing stream and banks • Constructed so as not to hinder use by wildlife • Sufficient headroom for wildlife